Gaze Interaction in the Post-WIMP World

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Abstract
This workshop is a follow-up to our successful Special Interest Group (SIG) meeting at CHI ’12. The SIG focused on eye gaze as a highly effective, seamless, and fast means of human-computer interaction in various contexts, but showed that suitable applications and overall convenience are still lacking. Consequently, we see an expressive need for continued in-depth discussion on how the diversity of application contexts could specifically benefit from the incorporation of the user’s gaze. In this regard, we concentrate on gaze interaction in combination with post-WIMP interaction styles as opposed to traditional desktop setups to broaden the view for novel ways to interact with eye gaze. The objective of the CHI ’13 workshop is to further promote this emerging field by addressing fundamental research questions regarding novel gaze-based interaction in the post-WIMP world.

Keywords
Eye tracking; gaze; multimodal; interaction; post-WIMP

ACM Classification Keywords
H.5.2 [Information Interfaces and Presentation]: User Interfaces–input devices and strategies.

General Terms
Design, Human Factors
Introduction
A diversity of post-WIMP interaction styles has emerged in recent years [5]. These interaction styles are designed for a variety of novel input and display technologies becoming pervasive in everyday life. While significant progress has been made in fields such as multi-touch, gestural, tangible, and 3D interaction, eye gaze has not yet been sufficiently explored for convenient and seamless integration. However, there is great potential for incorporating eye gaze as a supporting modality for more natural interaction. Examples include attention-aware interface adaptations [10], the combination of gaze with hand gestures or mobile devices for seamless navigation in complex information spaces [6, 13], and selection of distant targets on large-sized screens or multi-touch tables via gaze [7, 9, 12]. Thus, the development of such natural interaction techniques integrating gaze with other post-WIMP modalities such as multi-touch, hand gestures, speech, or tangibles is a promising avenue of research [3].

Novel ways of interaction are fueled by continuous advancement of eye tracking technology offering new opportunities for incorporating eye gaze as a supporting input modality. However, while eye tracking technology is improving and the general course of research is clear (e.g., calibration-free and even mobile gaze tracking), a clear vision of gaze as an interaction modality is missing. To foster novel means of interaction, a number of issues need to be carefully dissected, including aspects of interaction design, technological development, evaluation issues as well as of privacy and of social implications. The goal of this workshop is to bring together researchers and practitioners who are concerned with the design, development, and implementation of new applications and services combining gaze with other input modalities.

Related Venues and Workshop Objectives
In recent years, the interest in gaze-based interaction has increased as more comfortable, affordable and precise tracking systems become available [1, 4]. This is also evidenced by an increasing amount of papers and projects discussing various concepts, interaction techniques, and experiments related to eye gaze as an input modality [2, 7, 8, 11, 13]. In addition, eye tracking-related conferences (e.g., ETRA and NGCA) and workshops (e.g., IWGSI, IUI, PETMEI, and DUET) have proliferated, indicating increased interest and growth of the research community. While these venues are all related to eye tracking, the topics are often specialized, focusing on improved tracking algorithms, human machine communication, pervasive eye tracking and mobile eye-based interaction, and gaze-controlled applications. The SIGGRAPH 2010 course on gaze input in games and Special Interest Groups (SIGs) at CHI 2011 and CHI 2012 suggest a need for discussing gaze as an input modality in a more general sense.

At our CHI ’12 SIG we emphasized the need for more in-depth discussions on gaze as a supplementary interaction modality in the post-WIMP world, including various application areas. However, the time slot of the SIG only allowed us to scratch the surface, identifying several interesting application examples, such as gaze-supported home controls, attentive car windshields, or gaze-controlled technical equipment in an operation room. There still remains a need for further discussions for how gaze input can be seamlessly and conveniently integrated in such contexts. More generally, what is needed is a better knowledge of the design of gaze-supported interaction, e.g., principles or guidelines that would facilitate and accelerate further development.

At the CHI ’13 workshop we intend to address possibilities, limitations, and design considerations for gaze interaction in the post-WIMP world by providing a venue for building a re-
search community around this evolving topic. Therefore, we
aim to generate new ideas, to consolidate this field and to
specify promising and still insufficiently investigated research
directions, building on our successful introductory discussions
from our SIG at CHI '12.

Workshop Research Questions
One intent of this workshop is to raise interest in this emerg-
ing topic and bring together researchers and practitioners who
are interested in the exploration and development of new ap-
lications and services using a combination of gaze and post-
WIMP interfaces. Several issues require in-depth discussion,
including but not limited to the following:

- **What examples of gaze interaction in the post-WIMP
world already exist?**
  What went well and what went wrong? What were
  lessons learned?

- **How can post-WIMP interaction benefit from gaze?**
  What can a user's visual attention indicate? How could
  particular user groups, tasks, and contexts benefit?
  What new application areas for gaze-supported interac-
dation can emerge? How could gaze input facilitate inter-
cation with diverse output devices? How can integration
  of gaze data with other modalities be made seamless?

- **What needs to be considered for the design of (multi-
modal) post-WIMP gaze interaction?**
  What are general design guidelines, methods, and
  models that have to be taken into account for gaze-
supported interaction? What are particular challenges
  and how could they be tackled?

The main goal of this workshop is to lay the foundations for
a community of researchers and practitioners interested in
exploring novel ways to incorporate gaze input beyond the
traditional desktop and WIMP metaphor. Our workshop offers
a forum for exchanging experiences, bringing forward novel
ideas, and forming new and long-lasting collaborations.

**Audience**
The workshop welcomes PhD students, senior researchers, as
well as practitioners and industrial partners alike. We aim at
creating a strong interdisciplinary research community linking
various interest groups from different fields, such as interaction
design, cognitive science, psychology, CSCW, and eye track-
ing. We hope the workshop will generate ideas that suggest
further promising research directions to the CHI community.

**Organization**
We have already established a website\(^1\) on which updated
information about the workshop will be made available (e.g.,
scope, call for papers, organizers, and organization).

We envision five main parts for our one-day workshop:

1. **Introduction**: A brief welcome of the attendees, intro-
duction to the aim of this workshop and expectations of
its attendees.

2. **Paper presentations**: Short talks about both position
statements and workshop papers accepted to the work-
shop to lay the foundations for later brainstorming dis-
cussions.

3. **Technology & Research Demos**: Before diving into
  group work and detailed discussions, we invite people
  from industry and research alike to provide insights into
  their current research and technology by giving some
  hands-on demonstrations of their work.

4. **Envisioning the future**: Smaller breakout groups will be
  formed to flesh out potential future gaze-based interac-
tion scenarios and applications. The goal of this group

\(^1\)See: [http://www.gaze-interaction.net](http://www.gaze-interaction.net)
work including sketching and rapid prototyping methods is to come up with ideas, which altogether contribute to a broad vision on where gaze interaction could and should be heading in the short and long term. Among the key aspects to be considered in the group work are the following four:

(a) **User contexts**, e.g., public displays at airports, multi-display settings in meetings, multi-touch tables in museums, etc.;

(b) **User groups**, e.g., machine operators, experts vs. novices, accessibility issues, etc.;

(c) **Interaction tasks**, e.g., target acquisition, object manipulation, visual search, etc.;

(d) **Multimodal combinations**, e.g., gaze and hand gestures, speech, handhelds.

All projects of each group are pitched to the audience in a short presentation and shortly discussed.

5. **Breakout Session for a research agenda**: Building on the whole workshop experiences, a final brainstorming session will summarize important issues and research topics. Each participant is asked to contribute to collecting topics and components, which are then clustered to set up a broad research agenda in the field.

References


